

CONSUMER PROPOSAL VS. CREDIT COUNSELLING

From cutting debt, to cost, to asset protection and more, when a Consumer Proposal can be a better choice than a credit counselling debt repayment program.

Consumer Proposal

Credit Counselling

Types of Debt Eligible

Virtually all types of debt may be consolidated in a Consumer Proposal, including but not limited to:

- General consumer and business debts (credit cards, lines of credit, overdrafts, payday loans, personal debts, etc.)
- · Government debts (taxes, business GST, etc.)
- · Student loans (Federal, Provincial, private)
- · ICBC debt
- · MSP debt Besides bankruptcy, a Consumer Proposal

is the only method in Canada for reducing a balance owing on government debts.



- Credit counselling plans are severely limited in the types of debts they cover. They may help you consolidate only basic unsecured consumer debts such as credit cards, lines of credit and loans. · Government creditors such as Canada
- Revenue Agency or student loans will not agree to or accept credit counsellor debt management plans.



Negotiating Debt

- Debts may be cut by up to 50-80%, in full settlement.
- Consolidated debt is reduced to what you can afford to repay. Creditors will write-off/ forgive the unpaid balance.
- Debts automatically stop accruing interest charges - without negotiation.
- Your personal circumstances such as income, family size, etc. are considered when calculating your proposal offer. Your Trustee needs to sign off that your proposal fits within your means without causing undue hardship.
- Only 50% of your creditors (by dollar value) need to accept your proposal offer for it to be legally binding on all creditors (even any who disagree).



- You generally repay 100% of your debt - the informal nature of credit counselling provides no ability to reduce your debt balances.
- Participation by each creditor/debt will be negotiated by your credit counsellor.
- Debts with creditors who do not work with credit counsellors or agree to your credit counselling plan must be paid by you separately. Creditors may or may not agree to
- stop charging interest, or to reduce the interest rate. · Creditors can change their mind and
- opt out of your repayment plan at any time, although most won't so long as your plan is in good standing.

Monthly Payments

- · Wide range of potential payments since there is much flexibility to cut debt. Monthly proposal payments are most common, but other terms may be possible. · No payments are required beyond what
- you are offering to creditors in your Consumer Proposal. Consumer Proposal costs are covered in
- your monthly proposal payment; they are simply deducted from the funds your creditors receive. Licensed Insolvency Trustees fees are
- set by government tariff and will be reviewed by government body to ensure complete transparency.



monthly payments. Monthly payments may be high (even before factoring in fees), since 100% of your debt is being repaid. Some resources may be free but normally

Debt repayment is usually done with

- you must pay professional fees for debt repayment services (even working with a non-profit agency). Indirect charges may include fees for set-up, monthly maintenance, application,
- membership and more. You may be charged fees even if creditors refuse your settlement offer. Being part of an unregulated debt
- repayment industry, credit counsellors will set their own prices.

Illustrative Comparison: Monthly Payments Over 3 Years \$664/mo

Strategies to Pay Off \$20,000 of Debt



CONSOLIDATION

LOAN

\$556/mo



TOTAL COST: \$6,000

\$167/mo

Key assumptions:

CONSUMER

PROPOSAL

then \$225/mo

\$500

TOTAL COST: \$2,300 **PERSONAL** BANKRUPTCY

Full forgiveness

of all debts.

No surplus income

requirements, minimum

Repay 100% of Repay 30% of debt debt without without interest -

Repay 100% of debt

with 12% interest

consolidation loan.

Professional fees will be extra.

interest charges.

professional fees applicable.

70% written-off.

No additional

bankruptcy fees only.

authority to enforce this.

activity and/or legal action.

Creditors participating in your plan usually refrain from contact, but there is no legal

Creditor & Asset Protection

for payment. Collection action must cease. Wage garnishments, bank account freezes

Legal protection / 'stay of

proceedings' applies.

and court proceedings will be stopped. · You may choose to continue with

mortgages and vehicle financing in place.

Creditors are prohibited from contacting you

- Keep your assets unless you choose to offer any as part of your Consumer Proposal.

are common.



 Debts secured to an asset are normally not covered; you would manage those outside your credit counselling plan.

Creditors remain free to pursue collection

- Assets are normally not surrendered for credit counselling plans, but you may choose to do so.
- Time to be Debt-Free

Terms of repayment plan will vary

depending on the size of debt etc.

your situation. Terms of 24-48 months Terms of 60 months are common. Must be completed within 60 months. · Payments can go on to a maximum

if you need a term longer than 5 years. · You can pay off your Consumer Proposal early at any time.

A different type of proposal is available

Repayment terms vary depending on

• In BC an R7 rating will be noted for 3

years after completion, or 6 years from

the date of filing, whichever comes first.

credit scores, money management and

more provided by fully qualified

- off early.

· Debt repayment plans may be paid

of 5 years.

Credit Rating Impact

after completion.

generally available.

In BC an R7 rating will be noted for 2 years

You can often use and get new credit, but some credit counsellors may ask you to sign You can apply for new credit any time. a disclosure statement that you will not do so. · One-on-one financial counselling on

- Insolvency Counsellors.

Licensed Insolvency Trustees are licensed, overseen and regulated by the Federal

- government. They are: The only professionals in Canada legally empowered to help Canadians reduce/eliminate their debts.
- Bound to comply with a Code of Ethics and rules of professional conduct.

The Office of the Superintendent of

Bankruptcy oversees all matters and

filings related to Consumer Proposals.



Credit counselling education resources are

- Credit counsellors are not legally required to
- Anyone can call themself a 'credit counsellor'. Credit counselling does not fall under any government program or endorsement; some organizations are registered as collection

agencies or debt repayment agents.

The Government of Canada has published

and notes some credit counsellors may

promote their services over other options,

credit counsellor consumer alert references

have specific qualifications or training.

since they receive money from your creditors based on what they recover from you.

Sands & Associates' qualified Licensed Insolvency Trustees

We take a supportive non-judgmental approach to debt help services and confidential consultations are always free.

will help you understand and compare all your debt management

options so you can choose the solution that's right for you.

